1200's England & Wales Persona Research

1. Names

- Given Names from Early 13th Century England
  http://heraldry.sca.org/names/eng13/eng13.html
- A Simple Guide to Constructing 13th Century Welsh Names
  http://heraldry.sca.org/names/welsh13.html
- 12th & 13th Century English Textile Surnames
  http://heraldry.sca.org/names/english/textile.html
- Index of Names in the 1292 Subsidy Roll of London
  http://heraldry.sca.org/names/english/london1292.html
- Name Resources: Middle English (1066-1500)
  http://heraldry.sca.org/names/resources/menglish.html

2. Clothing

- Medieval Clothing
  http://www.medieval-life-and-times.info/medieval-clothing/
- Fashion in the Middle Ages
  http://www.thefinertimes.com/Middle-Ages/fashion-in-the-middle-ages.html
- 1200-13—in European Fashion
  https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1200%E2%80%931300_in_European_fashion
- Introduction to 13th Century Clothing
  https://sites.google.com/site/13thcenturyengland/home/what-to-wear-in-the-early-13th-century

3. Homes

- Peasant Houses in Midland England
  https://www.archaeology.co.uk/articles/features/peasant-houses-in-midland-england-how-the-black-death-prompted-a-building-boom.htm
- A Brief History of Homes in England
  http://www.localhistories.org/homes.html
- Medieval Life – Housing
  http://www.historyonthenet.com/medieval_life/houses.htm
- Medieval Manor Houses
  http://www.britainexpress.com/architecture/medieval-manors.htm
- Houses in the Middle Ages
  http://www.thefinertimes.com/Middle-Ages/houses-in-the-middle-ages.html

4. Furnishings

- Medieval Furniture – A Class Offered at Pennsic XXX
  http://www.die-familia.de/Neues_Haus/sammler/Furniture_class.pdf
- Medieval Castle Furniture
  http://www.ancientfortresses.org/medieval-castle-furniture.htm

5. Food
- Live in a Medieval Castle – Medieval Food
  http://www.castlesandmanorhouses.com/life_04_food.htm
- Medieval Food
  http://www.medieval-spell.com/Medieval-Food.html
- Food and Drink in Medieval England
  http://www.historylearningsite.co.uk/medieval-england/food-and-drink-in-medieval-england/
- Food and Drink in Medieval England
  http://www.ling.helsinki.fi/~vaasjoki/exlibris/medfood.html
- Dietary Requirements of a Medieval Peasant
  http://people.eku.edu/resorc/Medieval_peasant_diet.htm

6. Pastimes
- Medieval Sports
  http://www.medieval-life-and-times.info/medieval-life/medieval-sports.htm
- Medieval Pastimes and Sports
  http://medieval.stormthecastle.com/essays/medieval-pastimes-and-sports.htm
- Medieval Games and Recreation
  http://www.medieval-life.net/games.htm

7. Royalty, Leaders
- King
  - John (1199-1216)
  - Henry III (1216-1272)
  - Edward I (1272-1307)
- Earl of Pembroke (an English Marcher Lord)
  - William I Marshal (1189-1219)
  - William II Marshal (1219-1231)
  - Richard Marshal (1231-1234)
  - Gilbert III Marshal (1234-1241)
  - Walter Marshal (1241-1245)
  - Anselm Marshal (1245)
  - Vacant (1245-1247)
  - William III de Valence (1247-1296)
  - Aymer de Valence (1296-1324)
- Prince of Gwynedd (in Wales)

- o Meredith II (1173-1212)
  - o Llewelyn II (1212-1240) (later called Llewelyn the Great)
  - o Daffyd II (1240-1246)
  - o Llewelyn III (1246-1282)
  - o Daffyd III (1277-1283)
  - o After 1283, Gwynedd was incorporated fully into England.
- Archbishop of Canterbury
  - o Hubert Walter (1193-1205)
  - o Vacant (1205-1207)
  - o Stephen Langton (1207-1228)
  - o Richard Wethershed (1228-1231)
  - o Vacant (1231-1233)
  - o Edmund Rich (1233-1240)
  - o Bonifacio di Savoy (1240-1270)
  - o Vacant (1270-1273)
  - o Robert Kilwardby (1273-1278)
  - o John Peckham (1279-1292)
  - o Robert Winchelsea (1293-1313)
- Bishop of St. David's (preeminent Bishop of Wales)
  - o Peter de Leia (1176-1203)
  - o Geoffrey de Henelawe (1203-1215)
  - o Gervase (1215-1230)
  - o Anselm le Gros (1230-1248)
  - o Thomas "the Welshman" (1248-1256)
  - o Richard de Carew (1256-1280)
  - o Thomas Beck (1280-1296)
  - o David Martyn (1296-1328)

8. Important Events

1201 – King John grants a charter to the town of Cambridge

1202 - People called jesters begin to entertain in the courts of Europe's kings. They are impoverished or are of sub-normal intelligence. They are beginning an art form in Europe for people who enjoy watching people make fools of themselves.

1214 - King John of England wanted his fiefs in Normandy and Anjou back. He allies himself with Emperor Otto IV, Holy Roman Emperor. But Philip Augustus of France defeats them at the Battle of Bovines.

1215 - Frustrated by the growing power of the kings of England, English nobles join together and force King John to sign a document they hope will protect them from imprisonment or loss of property without a trial by a jury of their peers.

1233 – Coal is mined for the first time in Newcastle, England

1253 - Jews in England are forbidden to live in towns that do not already have a Jewish community.

1269 - In the wars between the King of England and barons, Jews are considered instruments of the king's oppressions. Jewish communities are attacked and many inhabitants killed. The King of England has been borrowing money from Jews, but he has switched to Italian bankers, reducing his dependence on Jews. And now the king restricts Jews from holding land and Jewish children from inheriting their parents' money. When a Jew dies his money is to be confiscated by the royal government.

1275 – King Edward I of England forbids Jews to charge interest on money loans

1277 – The Works of Thomas Aquinas are declared heretical by the Archbishop of Canterbury

1290 – King Edward I expels all Jews from England. Many go to France and Germany.

1297 - William Wallace launches a series of attacks on English troops while fighting for self-determination for Scots.